

FROM THE DESK OF:

David Bardal, CLU, CH.F.C., CFP
Senior Financial Planning Advisor

Juana Baldwin, CFP, CHS, RRC
Financial Planning Advisor



Assante Financial Management Ltd.

There is something wonderful about summertime in Canada. Spending more time outside, enjoying barbecues, bike rides, family get togethers, trips to the lake, and perhaps some well earned vacation. We hope that this summer is full of things that bring you joy.

**TAX-FREE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS:
UNDERSTANDING CONTRIBUTION LIMITS**

The Institute Edition 302
March/April 2017

Introduced in 2009, Tax-Free Savings Accounts (TFSA's) have experienced a steady upward trend in contributions. It is estimated about 11.7 million individuals held TFSA accounts at the end of 2014. While contributions are not tax deductible, the big advantage of this savings vehicle is the opportunity for individuals to accumulate growth on plan assets on a tax-free basis. The design of the TFSA makes it an excellent savings vehicle for many types of needs.

Upcoming Events:

**Business Owners Luncheon -
Coming September 2017**

Client Education Day - Fall 2017

Watch the website for details!

While the TFSA can only hold qualified investments, there are plenty of choices available. Contribution room is created each year based on the annual contribution limit plus the amount of any withdrawals in the prior calendar year. Unused room is carried forward so, as time passes, it is easy for individuals to lose track of their available contribution limit. The Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) does not report contribution room to taxpayers although they do track the amounts and monitor over-contributions.

Year	Annual Limit	Year	Annual Limit
2009	\$5000	2014	\$5500
2010	\$5000	2015	\$10000
2011	\$5000	2016	\$5500
2012	\$5000	2017	\$5500
2013	\$5500		

Annual Contribution Limits

While contribution limits experienced a short-term bump to \$10,000 in 2015, the limit was readjusted to \$5,500 beginning in 2016, with this amount indexed to inflation and rounded to the nearest \$500.

EXAMPLE ONE



Thirty-eight-year-old Sarah made maximum contributions to her TFSA between 2009 to 2013 inclusive (a total of \$25,500) and experienced substantial growth on the

assets held within the TFSA. At the beginning of 2014, the value of Sarah's TFSA had grown to \$63,000. In 2014, she was out of work for eight months so used the opportunity to withdraw \$45,000 from her TFSA to cover her living expenses. Sarah opted not to make any TFSA contributions in 2015 and contributed only \$3,000 in 2016, as she worked to get her financial affairs back in order.

While the \$45,000 withdrawn is \$19,500 more than Sarah had contributed at the time of the withdrawal, the tremendous growth in the plan provided Sarah with access to substantially more assets than her actual contributions. The opportunity to replace assets withdrawn from the plan is an incredibly valuable feature of a TFSA.

In 2017, Sarah has re-established her financial stability and is ready to begin contributing larger amounts to her TFSA. Her 2017 contribution room is determined as follows:

\$63,000 unused contribution room at the end of 2016*

\$0 - Total withdrawals made in 2016

\$5,500 - 2017 annual dollar limit

TOTAL \$68,500

**(The \$63,000 is comprised of \$5,500 (2014 annual dollar limit) + \$10,000 (2015 annual dollar limit) + \$45,000 (total amount withdrawn in 2014 that can be re-contributed in 2015) + \$2,500 (2016 dollar limit of \$5,500 less her \$3,000 contribution).*

EXAMPLE TWO



Chris, age forty-two, has contributed the maximum annual amount to his TFSA for each of the years 2009 to 2016 inclusive. This puts his total contributions at \$46,500. Unlike

Sarah from the previous example, Chris has experienced a substantial loss and has a total TFSA balance of \$22,000. Since the \$24,500 loss has taken place within a TFSA account, it cannot be offset against any other gains that Chris may have had in any non-registered investment accounts.

In example one, Sarah parlays her TFSA contributions into a substantial amount of investment income that helps fund her financial emergency and can, later, re-contribute the amount withdrawn. In example two, because Chris used the TFSA, the loss on his investment earnings cannot be offset against non-registered gains in other products. All income, losses and gains within a TFSA occur without any tax consequences to the plan holder. This can be particularly beneficial as investment income or plan withdrawals are not included in income for tax purposes when determining eligibility for federal income-tested benefits and credits. For example, TFSA withdrawals will not increase a senior's net income for Old Age Security clawback purposes.

It is important to carefully monitor a taxpayer's contribution limits because overcontributions attract a penalty of one percent per month until the excess is withdrawn. An inadvertent overcontribution could result in penalties that far exceed the investment earnings for that period. Take, for example, the situation where a taxpayer overcontributes \$5,000 and does not correct this until 14 months after making the contribution. The penalty for this period is \$700 (14% of \$5,000) and, if the contributions earned \$175 assuming a three percent earnings on an annualized basis, the overall cost is \$525.

Eligibility for opening a TFSA account begins at age 18 and requires the individual to hold a valid social insurance number. Contribution room begins to accumulate in the year the individual turns age 18 so even if an individual opts not to open or contribute to a TFSA, the benefits arising from accumulating contribution room accrue on a go-forward basis.

Unlike an RRSP, which requires the plan to move into a payout mode when the annuitant reaches age 71, a TFSA has no mandatory maturity date or withdrawal age. Individuals continue to accrue annual contribution room, regardless of their age. Assets within a TFSA can be transferred to a surviving spouse or common-law partner and, provided the funds remain in the surviving spouse's TFSA, continue to accrue on a tax-sheltered basis without impacting the recipient's contribution limits.

The following chart illustrates the accumulation of the TFSA limits based on an individual's year of birth. Since individuals begin accumulating contribution room in the year they reach age 18, the annual contribution limit is date sensitive. Individuals born in 1999 begin accumulating contribution room and can open a TFSA in 2017 because they will turn age 18 in that year. Individuals born before 1992 have been at least age 18 since 2009 and are therefore entitled to the total of the annual TFSAs annual contribution limits since inception.



Total Annual Contribution Limits

Year of Birth	Total of annual contribution limits 2009 to 2017 inclusive
Before 1992	\$52,000
1992	\$47,000
1993	\$42,000
1994	\$37,000
1995	\$32,000
1996	\$26,500
1997	\$21,000
1998	\$11,000
1999	\$5,500
2000 or later	\$0

Based on Year of Birth

By the end of 2018, the federal government estimates the accumulated cost of TFSAs to be about \$5.1 billion in tax revenues forgone on the investment earnings in the Tax-Free Savings Accounts.

In a short period, the TFSA has become an important element of many individuals' financial plans. It is important that individuals track their limits and understand how best to incorporate this savings vehicle into their overall financial strategies.

This article was written by Deborah Kraft and Jim Kraft and was published in the 292-2015 issue of COMMENT. Posted with permission from the Financial Advisors Association of Canada (Advocis) and The Institute for Advanced Financial Education.

This commentary is published by The Institute in consultation with an editorial board comprised of recognized authorities in the fields of law, life insurance and estate administration.

The article is not intended to provide legal, accounting or other advice in individual circumstances. Seek professional assistance before acting upon information included in this publication.



Over the past couple of years I have hosted a number of Family Estate Planning meetings, and after each one I am reminded of the importance of good communication.

The last thing we want to discuss with our adult children is a world in which we are no longer a part of. However, there is great value in providing a clear understanding of how things should be handled at your passing as well as at incapacity.

A family meeting is not about disclosing inheritance amounts but about clarifying your intentions and determining where your important documents are kept and how to access. It is a great opportunity to clarify your intentions while you are still able to help ensure your wishes are met.

Please do not hesitate to get in touch to learn more about scheduling a Family Estate Planning meeting.

Both David and Juana are always happy to meet with new people and provide a second opinion on their current financial strategies. Do you know someone we can help? Have them give us a call!



Planning for any of a number of possible life events that could negatively impact us is the focus of a “risk management” review. We have been examining various risk management issues or scenarios with many of our clients over the past few months. While it is often the case that our clients are either adequately covered or not interested in making any changes, there are often times certain topics or issues that our clients are open to consider. At the end of the day it is much better to fully understand what risks one might be exposed to and to take action on either managing or mitigating those risks.

Please call us to schedule a risk management review in the next short while.

HOLIDAYS & BUSINESS TRAVEL

Office Closed:

- Civic Holiday - August 7th, 2017
- Labour Day – September 4th, 2017
- Thanksgiving Day – October 9th 2017

David Vacation

- July 27th – September 4th, 2017

David & Juana at Annual Assante Conference

- October 1st – 6th, 2017

This material is provided for general information and is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made to compile this material from reliable sources however no warranty can be made as to its accuracy or completeness. Before acting on any of the above, please make sure to see a professional advisor for individual financial advice based on your personal circumstances. Insurance products & services are provided through Assante Estate & Insurance Services Inc.